



Vitamin D and cancer: promise or reality

Report from International Symposium: Madrid, March 28-29, 2011



Alberto Muñoz, Donald L. Trump Coordinators of Symposium.

Roger Buillon: Vitamin D, a hormone with pleiotropic effects

Héctor G. Pálmer: Effects of vitamin D in mouse skin biology

David Feldman: Anti-inflammatory effects of vitamin D

Ana Aranda: The vitamin D receptor heterodimer

Carsten Carlber: A genomic perspective to vitamin D signalling

Luciano Adorini: *Immunomodulatory effects of vitamin D:*

Implications for cancer treatment





Alberto Muñoz, Donald L. Trump Coordinators of Symposium.

Michael Holick: Vitamin D: Antiproliferative activity and the cancer

connection

Edward Giovannucci: Epidemiological data

Donald L. Trump: Prevention and Therapy - Clinical data

■ Jörg Reichrath: Role of vitamin D in human skin cancers

David Feldman: Anti-inflammatory effects of vitamin D

Varda Rotter: Vitamin D and the TP53 tumor suppresor gene

Alberto Muñoz: Mechanism of action of vitamin D in colon cancer

María Jesús Larriba: Mechanisms of resistance to vitamin D in colon

cancer

Moray Campbell: Role of vitamin D in prostate cancer

JoEllen Welsh: Role of vitamin D in breast cancer

Román Pérez-Fernandez: The Pit-1 transcription factor and vitamin D in breast cancer

Candace Johnson: Anti-angiogenic and antimetastatic effects of vitamin D







Vitamin D and cancer: Molecular Mechanisms

Enikő Kállay

Institut for Pathophysiology and Allergy Research, Medical University Vienna

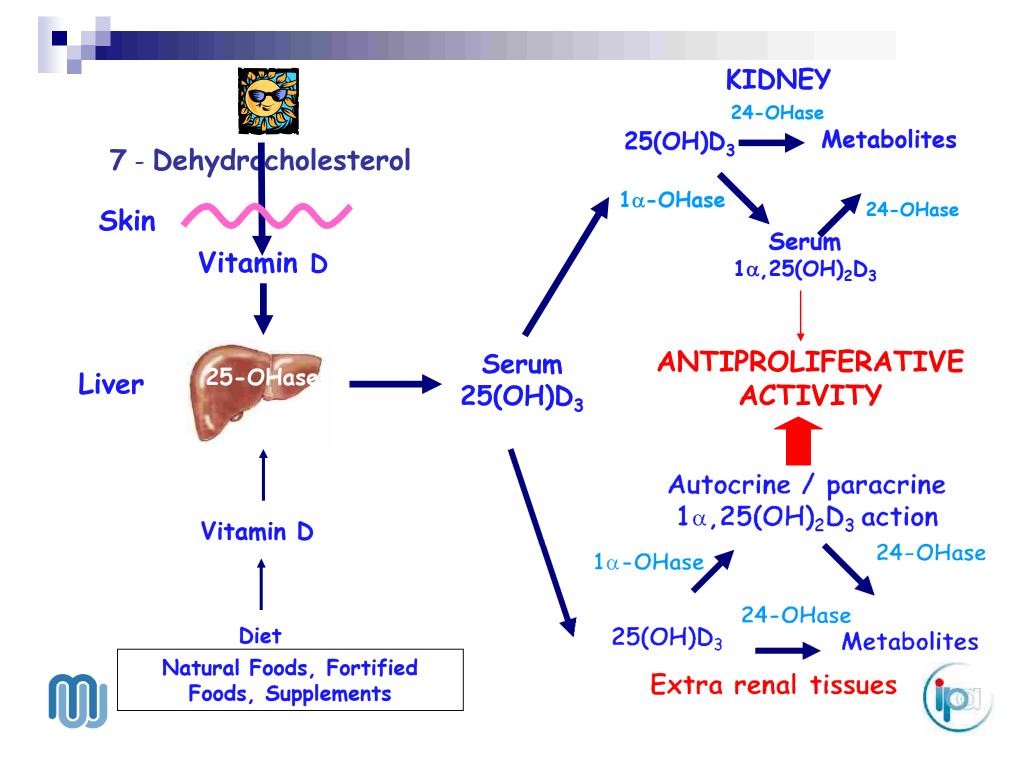


VITAMIN D

VITAMIN D + CALCIUM

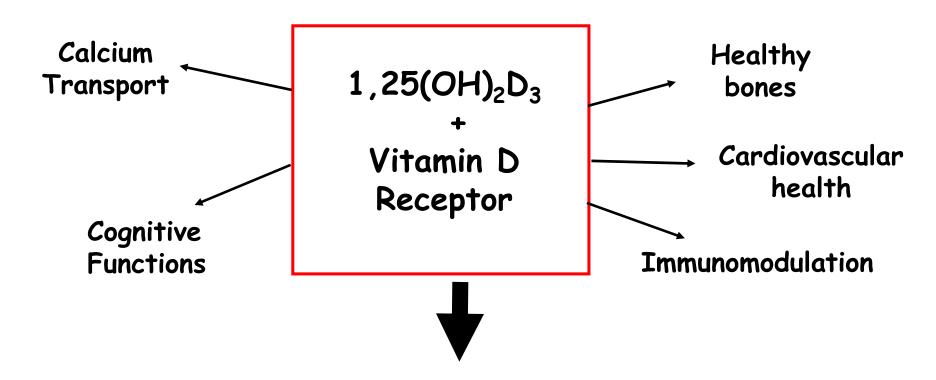






M

BIOLOGICAL EFFECTS OF VITAMIN D

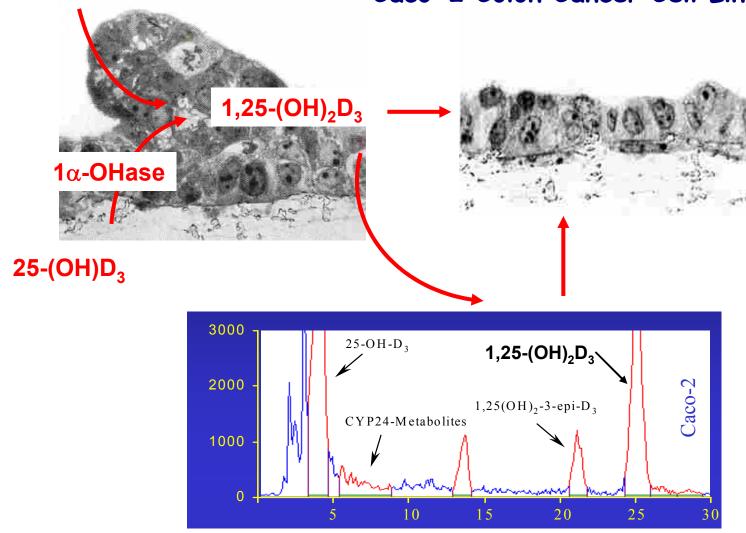


Regulates cellular proliferation, differentiation and apoptosis





1,25-(OH)₂D₃ (10 nM) Effect of 1,25(OH)₂D₃ on the Proliferation of the Caco-2 Colon Cancer Cell Line

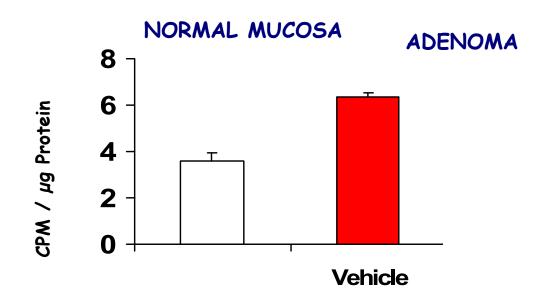






10

Effect of 1,25(OH)₂D₃ on the Proliferation Colon Adenoma Cells







Vitamin D and Cancer

Characteristics of cancer cells

- Independence of external growth signals
- Loss of sensitivity for growth inhibiting signals
- Unlimited growth potential
- Insensitivity for active cell death (= Apoptosis)
- Continuous neo-angiogenesis
- Tissue-invasion and growth in other organs

Effects of Vitamin D

- * Inhibits cell proliferation
- * Enhances cell differentiation

- Activates apoptosis
- Inhibits angiogenesis in tumours
- Decreases metastatic potential
- * Activates the immune system



CANCER PREVENTIVE ACTIVITY



Autocrine / paracrine Action

VDR

 $1\alpha, 25(OH)_2D_3$

240Hase

 1α OHase

25(OH)D₃

240Hase

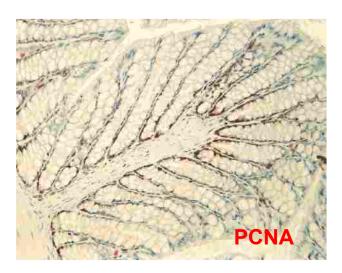
Metaboliten

COLON

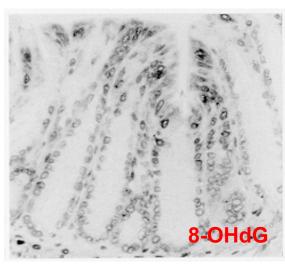


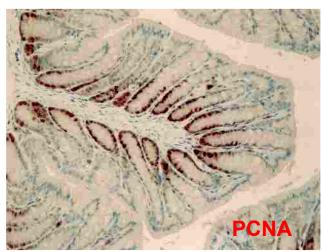


The Impact of VDR Loss in the Colon

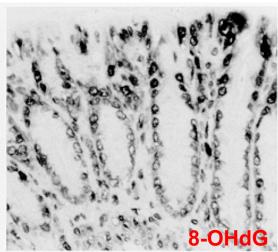


VDR+/+





VDR-/-







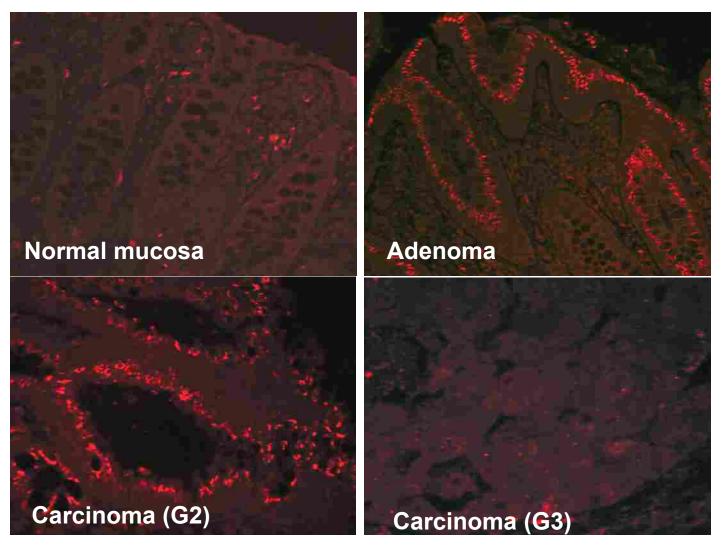
Expression of VDR, $1\alpha OH$ ase and 24OHase mRNA in Colorectal Tumours

	VDR	1αOHase	240Hase
Normal Mucosa	0,749 ± 0,05	2,261 ± 0,92	1,353 ± 0,38
Benign Lesions	0,455 ± 0,06***	2,365 ± 0,90	11,93 ± 5,77*
Adenocarcinomas	0,412 ± 0,07***	1,183 ± 0,50	3.876 ± 1,41*





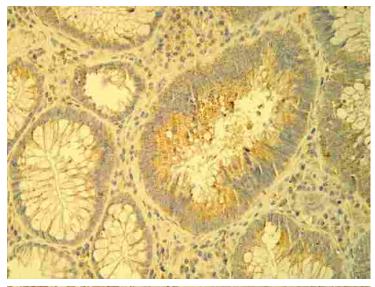
Expression of 1α hydroxylase in human colon

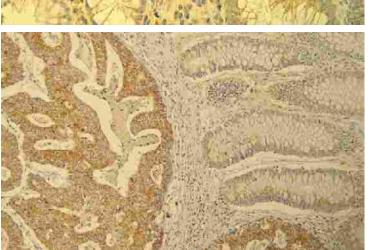






Expression of the 25 Hydroxyvitamin D_3 24 Hydroxylase in Colorectal Tumours





Adenoma

	240Hase Expression		
	Neg/+	++/+++	
Norm. mucosa	73.4%	26.6%	
Benign lesions	77.1%	22.9%	
Adenocarc.	31.3%	68.7%	

Adenocarcinom





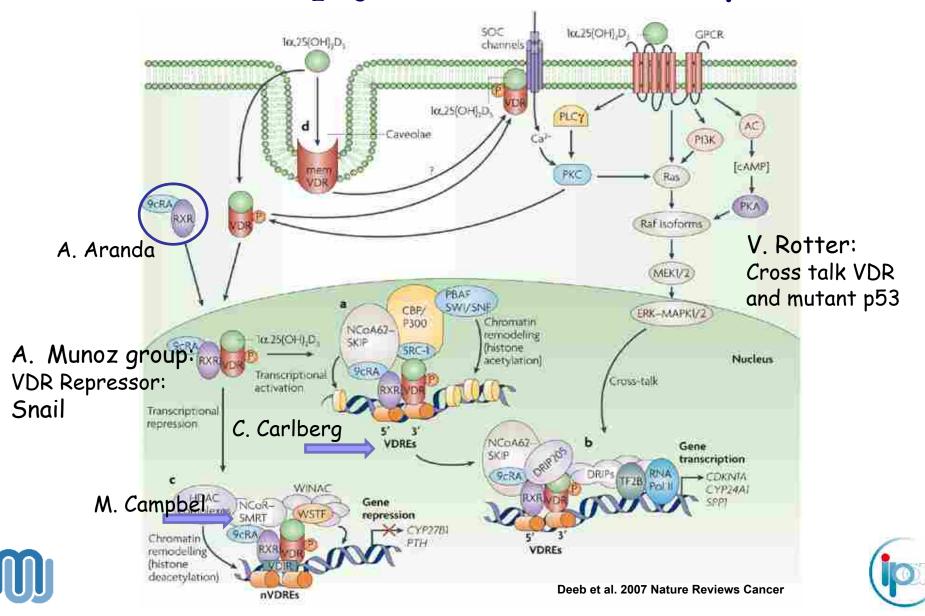
Relevance for Cancer Treatment

- Calcitriol vs. cholecalciferol
- Calcitriol vs. analogs
- Alone or in combination with other drugs?

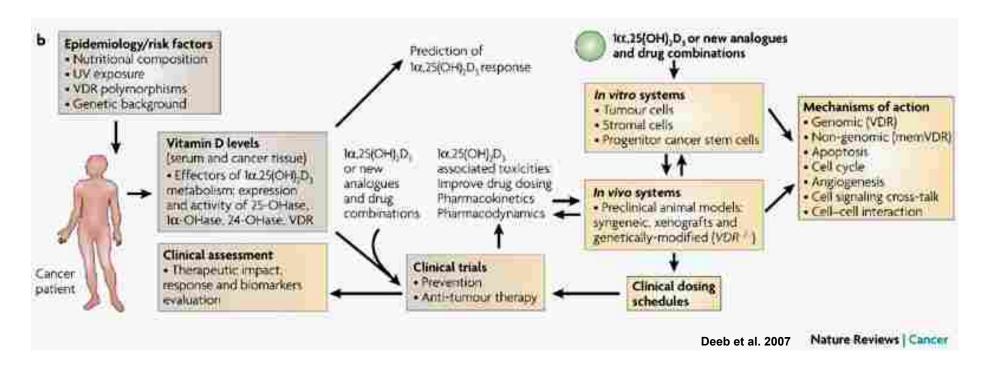




1α , 25(OH)₂D₃-Mediated Transcription



Paradigm for development and clinical translation of 1α , 25(OH)₂D₃ as an anticancer agent.



Establishment of in vitro and in vivo experimental systems is crucial to developing $1,25(OH)_2D_3$ or vitamin D analogues that target vitamin D metabolism and signalling. These systems allow the mechanisms of action of $1,25(OH)_2D_3$ to be studied along with novel analogues (also in combination with cytotoxic drugs) in multiple transformed cell types and their biological effects (tumour and normal tissues) in animals.

Ŋ.

VITAMIN D

VITAMIN D + CALCIUM





М

Cancer Research 2008 October 1; 68: (19), 7803-7810.

"Dietary Induction of Colonic Tumors in a Mouse Model of Sporadic Colon Cancer" by Kan Yang and her colleagues at the Strang Cancer Research Laboratory.

"Colonic tumors were prevented by elevating dietary calcium and vitamin D_3 to levels comparable with upper levels consumed by humans, but tumorigenesis was not altered by similarly increasing foliate, choline, methionine, or fiber..."





Vitamin D and Cancer

Characteristics of cancer cells

- Independence of external growth signals
- Loss of sensitivity for growth inhibiting signals
- Unlimited growthpotential
- Insensitivity for active cell death (= Apoptosis)
- Continuous neo-angiogenesis
- Tissue-invasion and growth in other organs

Vitamin D Effects

- * Inhibits cell proliferation
- * Enhances cell differentiation

- * Activates apoptosis
- Inhibits angiogenesis in tumours
- Decreases metastatic potential
- * Activates the immunsystem





Vitamin D, Calcium and Cancer

Characteristics of cancer cells

- Independence of external growth signals
- Loss of sensitivity for growth inhibiting signals
- Unlimited growthpotential
- Insensitivity for active cell death (= Apoptosis)
- Continuous neo-angiogenesis
- Tissue-invasion and growth in other organs

Calcium Effects

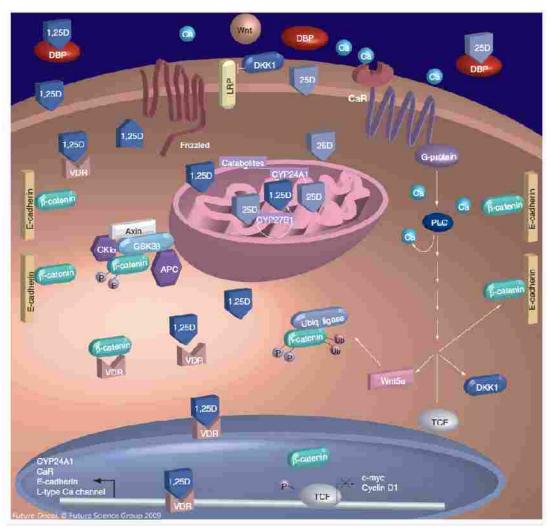
- Inhibits cell proliferation
- Enhances cell differentiation

- Activates apoptosis
- Inhibits angiogenesis in tumours
- Decreases metastatic potential
- * Activates the immunsystem



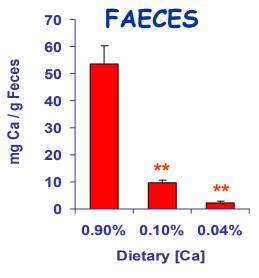


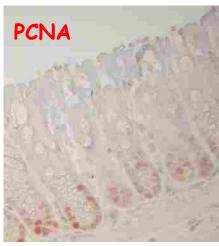
Influence of $1,25(OH)_2D_3$ and calcium on the Wnt pathway

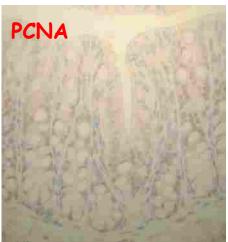


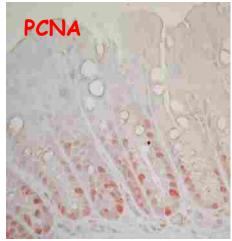


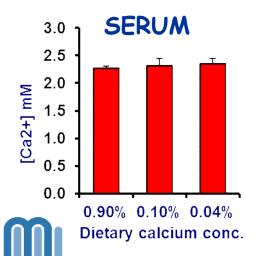
Influence of dietary calcium on colonic proliferation (PCNA expression)











0.9% Calcium

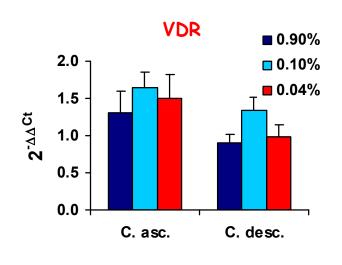
0.1% Calcium

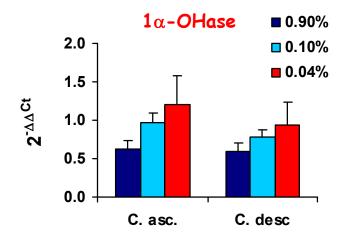
0.04% Calcium

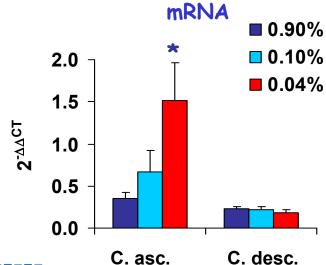


M

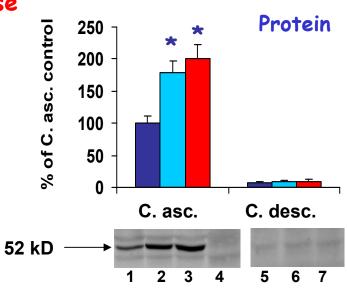
Effect of Dietary Calcium on Expression of the Vitamin D System













Vitamin D and Calcium one Team in

PREVENTING Colorectal Cancer





ķ

Collaborators:

Raj Thakker, Oxford University,

Rose Bland, Warwick University.

Pamela Hershberger, Univ. Pittsburgh

M. Lipkin, P. Holt, Strang Cancer Center, New York,

M. Hewison, UCLA;

H. Schrewe, Max Planck Inst. Berlin;

H. Horvath, Semmelweis Univ. Budapest;

H. Cross, M. Peterlik, Med. Univ. Vienna.



Funding:













Herzfelder'sche Familienstiftung

